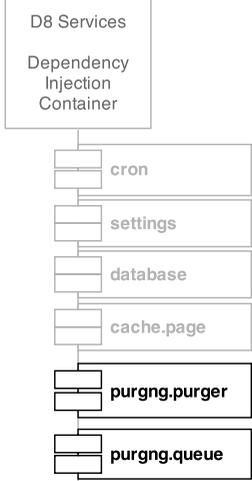




letting reverse proxies accelerate drupal 8

### API



A purgng.domains service is considered as well, but could also stay in the plugins.

### event\_subscriber

Whenever D8 removes one or more cache tags these will result in page cache entries getting cleared. The event subscriber will catch these, create Purgeable objects for them and add them to the queue.

### Rules Actions

- Purge cache tag from reverse proxy
- Purge path from reverse proxy
- Purge path with wildcard from reverse proxy
- Purge full domain from reverse proxy

### Drush Integration

- `png-purge`: purge a path, tag...
- `png-process`: process the queue
- `png-forget`: wipe the queue
- `png-list`: list all queued items
- `png-domains`: list all domains
- `png-diagnostics`: do self-tests

- `purgng_nginx`
- `purgng_manual`
- `purgng_acquia`

**Purgng \Purger \Purger**  
 PurgerBase (abstract)  
 PurgerInterface  
 ServiceProviderBase  
 ServiceProviderInterface  
 ServiceModifierInterface

The purger object is always available to all of Drupal via the DIC service **purgng.purger**. Because dependency services and lazy loading are done for us this is a brilliant mechanism for this.

- + `__construct` (<service deps> )
- + `purge` ( \Purgng\Purgeable\Purgeable )
- + `purgeMultiple` ( Array of Purgeable's )

**Purgng \Purgeable \Purgeable**  
 PurgeableBase (abstract)  
 PurgeableInterface

Purgeable's are simple lightweight objects that are fed to the purger. Purgeable's describe what needs to be wiped (paths, tags) and need to be supported per-purger.

prot. string \$subject  
 prot. string \$state NULL / TRUE / FALSE

- + `__construct` ( string \$subject )
- + `__toString`()
- + `toWatchdog`()
- + `toQueueItemData`()
- + `static::fromQueueItemData`()

**Purgng \Queue \PurgeQueue**  
 PurgeQueueBase (abstract)  
 ServiceProviderBase  
 ...  
 PurgeQueueInterface  
 DrupalReliableQueueInterface

The **purgng.queue** service object stores Purgeable objects for later execution.

- + `__construct` (<service deps> )
- + `add` ( Array \$purgeables )
- + `pop` ( int \$num, )
- + `popExec` ( int \$num, \$purger )
- + `getStatus` ( )

**DummyLogPurger**

**PageCachePurger**

The PageCachePurger will be the default reference implementation and simply only support TagPurgeable's and PathPurgeable's, mapping everything back to the cache API.

**Cdn \Purger \AkamaiPurger**

**Varnish \Purger \VarnishPurger**

VarnishPurger will use the local terminal interface and not use HTTP.

**AcquiaPurge \Purger \AcquiaPurger**

AcquiaPurger will fully auto-configure via \$ENV, do parallel HTTP processing and will add many self-tests.

**PurgeableFactory**

The factory will take string \$subject as input and try to instantiate all Purgeable's in a loop. When exceptions are thrown it will advance to the next.

*TagPurgeable*

*PathPurgeable*

*WildcardPathPurgeable*

*FullDomainPurgable*

**DatabasePurgeQueue**

**MemoryPurgeQueue**

**Somemodule \RedisPurgeQueue**